# Office of National Drug Control Policy

## Drug Policy Information Clearinghouse

## State of Indiana

Profile of Drug Indicators

October 2002



ONDCP Drug Policy Information Clearinghouse staff compiled this profile by using the most recent data available from open sources. The data presented are as accurate as the sources from which they were drawn. The information contained in this profile should not be used to rank or compare States or jurisdictions, due to differences in data collection and reporting methods.

## **Indiana**

The following profile contains information on demographics, political figures, funding, programs, crime, drug use, drug trafficking, and enforcement statistics.

### Demographics<sup>1</sup>

- Population: 6,114,745 (2001 estimate); 6,080,485 (2000 census)
- Racial/Ethnic: 85.8.5% white; 8.3% black; 0.2% American Indian or Alaska Native; 1.0% Asian; 0.1% some other race; 1.0% two or more races; and 3.5% Hispanic Origin (of any race).

#### **Politics**

- ➤ Governor: Frank O'bannon²
- Lt. Governor: Joseph E. Kernan<sup>3</sup>
- ➤ Attorney General: Steve Carter<sup>4</sup>
- ➤ U.S. Senate Members: Evan Bayh (D), Richard Lugar (R)<sup>5</sup>
- ➤ U.S. House of Representatives: Peter Visclosky (D), Mike Pence (R), Tim Roemer (D), Mark Souder (R), Steve Buyer (R), Dan Burton (R), Brian Kerns (R), John Hostettler (R), Baron Hill (D), Julia Carson (D)<sup>6</sup>
- > Capital city: Indianapolis<sup>7</sup>

#### **Programs/Initiatives**

- ➤ High Intensity Drug Trafficking Area (HIDTA)<sup>8</sup>
  The Lake County HIDTA, designated in 1996, contains 19 incorporated cities and towns and 16 public school corporations.
- ➤ Governor's Commission for a Drug-Free Indiana

  The Governor's Commission for a Drug-Free Indiana was created in 1989 to develop
  a comprehensive statewide approach to alcohol and other drug problems. Through a
  network of field and support offices, the Commission assists local communities in the
  development of a community comprehensive plan to address these issues.

  9
- ➤ The Indiana Prevention Resource Center (IPRC)
  IPRC, located at Indiana University, is a statewide clearinghouse for prevention
  technical assistance and information about alcohol, tobacco, and other drugs for the
  State of Indiana. It is Indiana's officially designated RADAR Network (Regional
  Alcohol and Drug Awareness Resource Network) State Center. 10
- Prenatal Substance Use Prevention Program (PSUPP) 11
  The Indiana Department of Health created PSUPP in 1998 to prevent and eliminate substance abuse among pregnant women before they need intensive treatment. PSUPP educates and counsels chemically dependent pregnant women about addiction, promoting abstinence and referring women to treatment services.

#### **Federal Funding**

- ➤ Drug-Free Communities Support Program Grantees in Indiana: 12
  - FY 2002: No grantees.
  - FY 2001:
    - \$100,000 was awarded to Drug-Free Marion County, Indianapolis.
    - \$61,730 was awarded to Furthering Youth Inc., Corydon.
    - \$99,125 was awarded to the Geminus Corporation, Lake.
    - \$99,636 was awarded to Healthy Community Initiative, South Bend.
    - \$100,000 was awarded to Substance Abuse Council of Vanderburgh County, Evansyille.
  - FY 2000: \$100,000 was awarded to Prime Time of Morgan County, Martinsville.
  - FY 1999:
    - \$52,460 was awarded to Kings Daugthers' Hospital, Madison.
    - \$100,000 was awarded to Montgomery County, Crawfordsville.
    - \$100,000 was awarded to Tree of Life Community Development, Gary.
    - \$90,363 was awarded to the United Way of Allen County, Fort Wayne.
    - \$31,214 was awarded to Washington County Commissioners, Salem.
  - FY 1998:
    - \$98,000 was awarded to Monroe County Board of Commissioners, Bloomington.
    - \$100,000 was awarded to Noble County Community Foundation, Albion.
- ➤ FY 2001/02 SAMHSA Formula and Discretionary Grant Allotments Summary:
  - Formula Funding: \$42,838,875
    - Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment Block Grant: \$33,277,473
    - Community Mental Health Services Block Grant: \$8,436,498
    - Projects for Assistance in Transition from Homelessness: \$576,000
    - Protection and Advocacy Formula Grant: \$548,904
  - Discretionary Funding: \$9,266,545
    - Mental Health: \$4,544,786
    - Substance Prevention: \$2,928,250
    - Substance Abuse Treatment: \$1,793,509
  - Total Mental Health Funding: \$14,106,188
  - Total Substance Abuse Funding: \$37,999,232
  - Total funds for Indiana: \$52,105,420
- Executive Office for Weed and Seed<sup>13</sup>
  - Nine sites in Indiana have received Federal funding and been officially recognized as Weed and Seed sites: East Chicago, Evansville, Gary, Indianapolis-CNN, Indianapolis-Midnorth, Indianapolis-NESCO, Indianapolis-SUMO, Indianapolis-UNWA, Indianapolis-WESCO.
- > FY 2002 Byrne Formula Grant Program amount awarded to Indiana: \$10,160,474<sup>14</sup>
- ➤ There were no Indiana recipients of the FY 2002 Office of Justice Programs Drug Court Grant. 15
- ➤ FY 2001 Residential Substance Abuse Treatment for State Prisoners Formula Grant (RSAT) amount allocated to Indiana: \$954,738 <sup>16</sup>
- ➤ Housing and Urban Development Drug Elimination Grant amounts received in Indiana during FY 2001:<sup>17</sup>

- \$79,525 to Three Fountains Cooperative of Fort Wayne Inc., Fort Wayne
- \$125,000 to Antioch Joint Venture, Fort Wayne

### **Crime and Drug-Related Crime**

➤ In Indiana, drug abuse violations increased between 1998 and 2001 from 15,769 to 17,885. <sup>18</sup>

Arrests in Indiana, 1999 - 2001

Offense	1999	2000	2001
Murder and Non-negligent Manslaughter	244	204	236
Forcible Rape	221	242	215
Robbery	1,427	1,490	1,495
Aggravated Assault	7,365	8,170	8,956
Burglary	2,858	3,154	3,076
Larceny-Theft	17,142	17,559	17,434
Motor Vehicle Theft	1,969	1,979	1,947
Arson	133	138	185
Drug Abuse Violations	15,965	16,910	17,885
Driving Under the Influence	16,849	19,773	23,907
Liquor Laws	10,500	12,366	12,562
Drunkenness	16,794	17,010	16,666

➤ During 2001 in Indianapolis, 66.8% of adult male arrestees and 67% of adult female arrestees tested positive for drugs at the time of arrest.<sup>19</sup>

Adult Arrestees Testing Positive for Drugs, Indianapolis, 2001

	Male	Female
Cocaine	32.3%	41.2%
Opiates	5.1	7.2
Marijuana	49.6	37.6
Methamphetamine	0.6	0.7
PCP	2.5	0.7
Any Drug	66.0	67.0
Multiple Drugs	20.8	19.4

#### Drugs

- Powdered cocaine and crack cocaine are significant drug threats in Indiana. Powered cocaine is available throughout the northern part of the state and crack cocaine is available in the more rural southern parts of Indiana. Powered and crack cocaine purity levels range from 80 to 95 percent. Prices have decreased slightly from \$90 to \$85 per gram for powder, and \$25 to \$20 per rock (crack). Heroin
- Although heroin has previously not been a threat to Indiana, recent rates of use and distribution are on the rise. Purity levels for heroin are increasing and have been as high as 80%. Increases in purity levels have also lead to increases in demand, which have in turn lead to an increase in the number of addicts. <sup>21</sup> According to the DEA, in

- the first quarter of FY2002, heroin in Indianapolis sold for \$2,500 to \$3,500 per ounce and \$200 to \$300 per gram. In northwestern Indiana (near Gary) it sold for \$2,500 to \$6,000 per ounce and \$100 to \$150 per gram.<sup>22</sup>
- One of the most widely available and most frequently used drugs in Indiana is marijuana. Rural youth use marijuana more frequently than urban and suburban youth. <sup>23</sup> During FY2002, marijuana typically sold for \$1,200 to \$1,600 per pound, \$35 to \$60 per ounce, and \$6 to \$9 per gram in Indianapolis. Prices for marijuana ranged from \$600 to \$1,200 per pound, \$30 to \$40 per ounce, and \$8 to \$10 per gram in northwestern Indiana.<sup>24</sup>
- The abuse of methamphetamine is not as serious of a problem in Indiana as cocaine, but has become a growing threat. Methamphetamine abuse has spread from rural to more urban areas and it accounts for 50% of drug overdoses in the Lake County HIDTA area of responsibility. A typical user may want to lose weight, or stay energized for an all night party or for their highly demanding job. Health officials indicate that the drug is mostly used by middle class, blue-collar Caucasians, but it is increasing in popularity among youth. Prices have decreased from \$1,420 per ounce in 1995 to \$1,265 in 1999, which indicates increased availability. Thefts of anhydrous ammonia are up and methamphetamine production is spreading from Southwest to Northeast.<sup>25</sup>
- ➤ MDMA is available and abused primarily in college and university settings. MDMA sells for \$15-30 per pill. GHB is distributed to high school and college students at raves and dance clubs for \$5-10 per pill. LSD is available in urban areas for \$2-4 per dose. <sup>26</sup>
- ➤ The diversion and abuse of is a growing threat throughout Indiana. Northeast Indiana has experienced a series of pharmacy armed robberies in which Oxy-Contin was taken.<sup>27</sup>
- ➤ During 2000 in Indiana, 6.15% person 12 and older reported past year alcohol or illicit drug dependence or abuse. <sup>28</sup>

Drug Use in the Past Month and Past Year, by Age Group, Indiana, 2000

Drug Characteristic	Total	Age 12-17	Group 18-25	26 +
Based on 1999 and 200	0 Pooled D	Pata:		
Past Month Any Illicit Drug Use	5.93	9.40	15.76	3.75
Past Month Marijuana Use	4.43	7.48	12.26	2.65
Past Month Use of Any Illicit Drug Other than	2.62	4.83	6.65	1.62
Marijuana				
Past Year Cocaine Use	1.43	1.64	4.61	0.85
Perception of Great Risk of Smoking Marijuana	45.77	41.69	28.50	49.34
Once a Month				
Average Annual Rate of First Use of Marijuana	1.44	5.88	5.27	0.12
Based on 2000 Data Only:				
Past Year Illicit Drug Dependence	1.17	1.97	4.09	0.55
Past Year Illicit Drug Dependence or Abuse	1.74	3.85	5.76	0.75
Past Year Alcohol/Illicit Dependence/Abuse	6.15	7.98	15.99	4.17

#### **Juveniles**

A survey of Indiana youth in 2002 revealed that 44.8% of 12th graders had used marijuana at least once in their lives.<sup>29</sup>

Percentage of Youth Using Drugs in Indiana, Grades 6-12, 2002

	6th	7th	8th	9th	10th	11th	12th
Alcohol	29.4%	39.4%	52.6%	59.9%	68.4%	72.9%	77.3%
Marijuana	4.8	9.3	20.0	28.1	36.9	41.1	44.8
Cocaine	0.7	1.5	2.6	4.3	6.5	7.8	8.6
Crack	1.0	1.8	2.3	3.1	3.5	4.0	4.1
Inhalant	6.1	7.6	9.3	9.9	10.7	10.5	10.3
Amphetamines	0.8	2.4	5.0	9.7	13.2	14.8	14.9
Ritalin	1.1	2.0	3.5	5.3	7.5	7.6	7.2
Heroin	0.7	1.1	1.4	1.8	2.2	2.1	1.9
MDMA	0.7	1.8	3.4	5.4	6.9	8.1	9.5
Rohypnol	0.4	0.9	1.1	1.6	1.8	1.5	1.4
GHB	0.3	0.5	0.7	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.6

➤ In Indiana, juvenile drug abuse violations increased between 1999 and 2000 from 2,059 to 2,362, and later deceased to 2,179 in 2001.<sup>30</sup>

Juvenile Arrest in Indiana, 1999-2001

Offense	1999	2000	2001
Murder and Non-negligent Manslaughter	31	6	13
Forcible Rape	31	50	25
Robbery	274	253	243
Aggravated Assault	1,239	1,271	1,536
Burglary	783	902	843
Larceny-Theft	5,327	6,083	5,679
Motor Vehicle Theft	651	727	634
Arson	73	69	91
Drug Abuse Violations	2,059	2,362	2,179
Driving Under the Influence	160	175	226
Liquor Laws	2,970	3,122	3,006
Drunkenness	428	399	455

#### Enforcement

- As of October 31, 2000, there were 1,941 full time state law enforcement employees in Indiana during 2000, 1,262 of which were police officers.<sup>31</sup>
- ➤ Lake County HIDTA Enforcement Initiatives: 32
  - DEA State & Local Task Force: This task force, lead by the DEA, is a multiagency initiative designed to disrupt and dismantle large scale drug trafficking and money laundering organizations operating in and throughout the Lake County, Indiana area.

- Gary Response Investigative Team (GRIT): GRIT is a FBI led multijurisdictional, collocated taskforce with a mission to disrupt and dismantle street level DTOs responsible for the homicides and drug related crimes in Gary.
- The Firearms Interdiction Regional Enforcement (FIRE): FIRE is an ATF led collocated, multi-jurisdictional taskforce. This taskforce identifies, investigates, and prosecutes in Federal and State Courts persons who illegally purchase, use, distribute, and supply firearms.
- The Integrated Ballistic Identification System (IBIS): IBIS is a collocated support initiative that conducts special ballistics testing and identification of bullets/casings utilizing IBIS instrumentation.
- The Lake County Combined Taskforce (LCCTF): LCCTF is a collocated multiagency taskforce led by the Lake County Sheriff's Department and the DEA. Its mission is to target, disrupt and dismantle locally established drug trafficking organizations, money-laundering organizations, and violent criminal street gangs operating in Lake County.
- Northwest Indiana Gang Task Force: This task force is a FBI led multi-agency initiative, collocated with the GRIT team, that identifies and investigates Northwest Indiana based violent street gangs.
- The Lake County Prosecution Initiative: This task force provides a full time staff of collocated prosecutors supporting HIDTA enforcement initiatives. The staff provides case support including preparation, legal strategies, education, trial preparation, and prosecution.
- The Drug Demand Reduction Program: This program is a collocated counter drug operation. Indiana National Guard personnel work with Boys and Girls Clubs, public housing authorities, Weed & Seed Grants, and school corporations providing alternative activities and mentoring programs.
- Operation Tattoo Zap: Operation Tattoo Zap is a community outreach program providing free tattoo removal for former gang members. This volunteer program allows former gang members to shed a once permanent identifier and reenter main stream society.

#### Production, Trafficking, and Seizures

- Mexican trafficking organizations distribute cocaine to Caucasian, African American, and other Hispanic groups. Hispanic trafficking organizations transport and distribute Mexican heroin. Southeast Asian white heroin is transported and distributed by Nigerians to African American street gangs in the Chicago area. 33
- Methamphetamine is manufactured in Mexico or the southwestern states and transported into Indiana. Local methamphetamine distributors (Nazi Labs) produce a higher purity product (30-40 % purity level), but do not produce large enough quantities to support wholesale distribution. Small individual operators produce enough methamphetamine for personal use, friends, and limited sales. Nazi labs, usually constructed in bars or residential homes, produce enough for retail distribution. Meth lab seizures in Indiana increased from 3 in 1997 to 303 in 2001. Methamphetamine is manufactured in Mexico or the southwestern states and transported in Sales in Indiana increased from 3 in 1997 to 303 in 2001.

- ➤ Locally produced marijuana is cultivated throughout Indiana in outdoor and indoor grow sites. The outdoor sites are usually located in farm fields, or near riverbanks. Indoor grows are located in private residences or large barn-type buildings on private land. <sup>36</sup>
- ➤ During 2001 in Indiana, 391.8 kilograms of marijuana and 499 clandestine laboratories were seized.<sup>37</sup>

Federal Drug Seizures, Indiana, 2001

	Seizures in Kilograms
Cocaine	61.7
Heroin	0.2
Methamphetamine	31.4
Marijuana	391.8

➤ In Indiana during 2000, there were 28,886 marijuana plants eradicated.<sup>38</sup>

Cannabis Eradication/Suppression, Indiana 2000				
Outdoor Operations				
Plots Eradicated	1,470			
Cultivated Plants Eradicated	27,140			
Ditchweed Eradicated	132,675			
Indoor Operations				
Grows Seized	31			
Plants Eradicated	1,746			
Total				
Total Plants Eradicated	28,886			
Number of Arrests	519			
Number of Weapons Seized	63			
Value of Assets Seized	\$94,596			

#### Courts

- ➤ Of the 544 Federal defendants in Indiana during FY 2001, 46.2% were charged with a drug-related offense. The most common drug was crack cocaine (45.6% of all drug charges) followed by powder cocaine (22%), methamphetamine (14.4%), marijuana (14%), and heroin (3.2%).<sup>39</sup>
- > Drug Courts<sup>40</sup>
  As of June 2002, there were seven drug courts operating in Indiana for over 2 years, eight that have been recently implemented, and seven that are being planned.

#### Corrections

As of June 2002, the State of Indiana Department of Corrections facilities held 21,425 adult offenders. 24.2% of adult offenders have 1 or more drug offenses. Juvenile facilities in Indiana held 1,798 offenders, 12% of which had one or more drug offenses. 41

- The number of female inmates has increased by 9.6% from 1995-2001, from 892 to 1.542.42
- There were 109,251 adults on probation and 4,917 adults on parole in Indiana during 2001 43

#### Treatment

During 2000 in Indiana, there were 23,649 total substance abuse treatment admissions 44

Substance Abuse Treatment Admissions, by Drug Type. Indiana. 2000

Drug Type	Number	Percent
Alcohol only	6,606	27.9%
Alcohol with secondary drug	5,950	25.2
Cocaine (smoked)	2,776	11.7
Cocaine (other route)	698	3.0
Marijuana	4,345	18.4
Heroin	1,151	4.9
Other opiates	881	3.7
PCP	3	0.0
Hallucinogens	35	0.1
Amphetamine	398	1.7
Other Stimulants	15	0.1
Tranquilizers	230	1.0
Sedatives	65	0.3
Inhalants	30	0.1
Other/Unknown	466	2.0
Total	23,649	100

#### Sources

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> U.S. Census Bureau Web site: <a href="http://www.census.gov">http://www.census.gov</a>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> State of Indiana Web site: http://www.state.in.us/

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Ibid.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Ibid.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> U.S. Senate Web site: <a href="http://www.senate.gov">http://www.senate.gov</a>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> U.S. House of Representatives Web site: http://www.house.gov

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> The City of Indianapolis Web site: http://www.indygov.org/

<sup>8</sup> ONDCP, High Intensity Drug Trafficking (HIDTA), Lake County HIDTA section: http://www.whitehousedrugpolicy.gov/hidta/frames lake.html

Governor's Commission for a Drug Free Indiana: http://www.drugs.indiana.edu/indiana/gcdfi.html

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Indiana Prevention Resource Center: http://www.drugs.indiana.edu/

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> ONDCP and Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention (OJJDP), Drug-Free Community Support Program, Indiana: <a href="http://ojjdp.ncjrs.org/dfcs/states/in.html">http://ojjdp.ncjrs.org/dfcs/states/in.html</a>
13 Executive Office of Weed and Seed, Indiana Weed and Seed: <a href="http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/eows/map/in.htm">http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/eows/map/in.htm</a>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Bureau of Justice Assistance Web site, FY 2002 Byrne Formula Grant Program State Allocations: http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/BJA/html/FY2002BYRNE.htm

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> Office of Justice Programs Drug Court Grants, FY 2002: http://www.oip.usdoi.gov/dcpo/dc35million.htm

<sup>16</sup> Office of Justice Programs, Corrections Program Office, State-by-State Grant Activities:

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17 U.S. Housing and Urban Development, Federally Assisted Low-Income Housing Drug Elimination Grants: Detailed Congressional Report, FY 2001:

http://www.hud.gov/content/releases/drugelimination.pdf

<sup>18</sup> Federal Bureau of Investigation, Uniform Crime Report, Crime in the United States 2001, October 2002: http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/01cius.htm

<sup>19</sup> National Institute of Justice, *Drug Use and Related Matters Among Adult Arrestees, 2001*: http://www.adam-nij.net/files/adam2001.PDF

<sup>20</sup> National Drug Intelligence Center, *Indiana Drug Threat Assessment*, April 2001: http://www.usdoj.gov/ndic/pubs/660/660p.pdf<sup>21</sup> Ibid.

<sup>22</sup> National Drug Intelligence Center, *Indiana Drug Threat Assessment Update*, May 2002:

http://www.usdoj.gov/ndic/pubs/1011/1011p.pdf

23 National Drug Intelligence Center, *Indiana Drug Threat Assessment*, April 2001:

http://www.usdoj.gov/ndic/pubs/660/660p.pdf

24 National Drug Intelligence Center, *Indiana Drug Threat Assessment Update*, May 2002: http://www.usdoj.gov/ndic/pubs/1011/1011p.pdf

<sup>25</sup> National Drug Intelligence Center, *Indiana Drug Threat Assessment*, April 2001: http://www.usdoj.gov/ndic/pubs/660/660p.pdf

<sup>26</sup> National Drug Intelligence Center, *Indiana Drug Threat Assessment Update*, May 2002: http://www.usdoj.gov/ndic/pubs/1011/1011p.pdf

<sup>27</sup> Drug Enforcement Administration, Indiana State Fact Sheet:

http://www.usdoj.gov/dea/pubs/states/indiana.html

28 Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, State Estimates of Substance Use from the 2000 National Household Survey on Drug Abuse: Volume I. Findings, October 2002: http://www.samhsa.gov/oas/2kState/PDF/Vol1/OOSAERptVol1 W.pdf

<sup>29</sup> Indiana Prevention Resource Center, Alcohol, Tobacco, and other Drug Use by Indiana Children and Adolescents, 2002: http://www.drugs.indiana.edu/drug\_stats/youth2002/stats2002.html

<sup>30</sup> Federal Bureau of Investigation, Uniform Crime Report, Crime in the United States 2001, October 2002: http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/01cius.htm

<sup>31</sup> Federal Bureau of Investigation, Uniform Crime Report, Crime in the United States 2001, October 2002: http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/01cius.htm

<sup>32</sup> ONDCP, High Intensity Drug Trafficking (HIDTA), Lake County HIDTA section: http://www.whitehousedrugpolicy.gov/hidta/frames\_lake.html
33 Drug Enforcement Administration, Indiana State Fact Sheet:

http://www.usdoj.gov/dea/pubs/states/indiana.html

<sup>34</sup> Ibid.

<sup>35</sup> National Drug Intelligence Center, *Indiana Drug Threat Assessment Update*, May 2002: http://www.usdoi.gov/ndic/pubs/1011/1011p.pdf

<sup>36</sup> Ibid.

<sup>37</sup> Drug Enforcement Administration, Indiana State Fact Sheet:

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<sup>38</sup> Drug Enforcement Administration, Domestic Cannabis Eradication/Suppression Program,

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<sup>43</sup> Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Probation and Parole in the United States*, 2001, August 2002: http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/abstract/ppus01.htm

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>44</sup> U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Office of Applied Studies, Drug and Alcohol Service Information System, Substance Abuse Treatment Admissions Data by State, Indiana, 1999.